



**LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034**

**B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – STATISTICS**

FIRST SEMESTER – APRIL 2018

**17/16UMT1AL02- MATHEMATICS FOR STATISTICS - I**

Date: 30-04-2018  
Time: 01:00-04:00

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

**SECTION A**

**ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS.**

**(10 × 2 = 20)**

1. Define upper triangular matrix, give an example.
2. Write any two properties of determinants.
3. Find the Eigen value of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ .
4. Find the matrix  $X$  from the given equation:  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -3 \\ 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix} - 3X = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 \\ 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
5. If  $y = x^3 - 3\log x + e^x + 2\tan x$ , then find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .
6. Find  $\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{\log x}{x^2} \right)$ .
7. Find the  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $y = e^{ax}$ .
8. Write the conditions for concave upward.
9. Prove that  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^n x dx = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^n x dx$ .
10. Evaluate:  $\int \frac{dx}{1+9x^2}$ .

**SECTION B**

**ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS.**

**(5 × 8 = 40)**

11. Solve the following simultaneous equations:  $x + y + 3z = 5$ ,  $2x + y + z = 4$ ,  $x + 2y + 5z = 8$ .
12. Show that the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & -3 \\ 5 & 4 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$  satisfies the equation  $A(A - I)(A + 2I) = 0$ .
13. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 \\ 4 & 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ , Verify that  $(AB)^t = B^t A^t$ , where  $A^t$  is the transpose of  $A$ .
14. Find the maximum value of  $\frac{\log x}{x}$  for positive values of  $x$ .
15. If  $y = x^{x^{\dots t \rightarrow \infty}}$ , then find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .
16. Find the  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $y = \frac{x^2}{(x-1)^2(x+2)}$ .
17. Evaluate:  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{a \sin x + b \cos x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx$ .
18. Prove that  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \log(1 + \tan \theta) d\theta = \frac{\pi}{8} \log 2$ .

**SECTION C**

**ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS.**

**(2 × 20 = 40)**

19. (a) Verify Cayley- Hamilton theorem for the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & -3 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ .

(b) Find the inverse of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 8 & 2 \\ 4 & 9 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ . **(14+6)**

20. (a) (i) Without using logarithm find the derivative of  $y = \frac{e^x + \sin x}{\sec x - x^5}$   
(ii) Using logarithm differentiate  $y = (\tan x)^{\log x}$ . **(5+5)**

(b) Find the points of inflection of the cubic curve  $y = \frac{a^2 x}{x^2 + a^2}$  and show that they lie on a straight line. **(10)**

21. (a) If  $y = a \cos(\log x) + b \sin(\log x)$  then show that  $x^2 y_{n+2} + (2n + 1)xy_{n+1} + (n^2 + 1)y_n = 0$ .

(b) Differentiate  $e^{\sin^{-1} x}$  with respect to  $\sin^{-1} x$ . **(14+6)**

22. (a) Evaluate:  $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + x + 1}} dx$ .

(b) Evaluate:  $\int \frac{3x + 1}{(x - 1)^2(x + 3)} dx$ . **(10+10)**

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