



Date: 09-05-2018

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

Time: 01:00-04:00

**PART – A**

**ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS**

**(10 x 2 = 20)**

1. Give an example of a one to one onto function.
2. Define partially ordered and totally ordered set.
3. Define cyclic group. Give an example.
4. Define a normal subgroup with an example.
5. Define homomorphism.
6. Define odd and even permutations.
7. Define a field with an example.
8. Define an integral domain.
9. Define maximal ideal.
10. State Unique factorization theorem.

**PART – B**

**ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS.**

**(5 x 8 = 40)**

11. Show that every group of order four is abelian.
12. Prove that there is a one to one correspondence between any two left cosets of a subgroup H in a group G.
13. Show that the intersection of two normal subgroups is again a normal subgroup.
14. Prove that the kernel of a homomorphism f in a group G is a normal subgroup of G.
15. State and prove second isomorphism theorem.
16. Prove that every finite integral domain is a field.
17. Prove that every field is a PID.

18. Let  $R$  be a commutative ring with unity and  $M$  an ideal of  $R$ . Then prove that  $M$  is a maximal ideal of  $R$  if and only if  $R/M$  is a field.

**PART – C**

**ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS.**

**(2 x 20 = 40)**

19. a. Show that a group  $G$  cannot be the union of two proper subgroups.

**(10+10)**

b. If  $H$  and  $K$  are finite subgroups of a group  $G$ , then prove that  $o(HK) = \frac{o(H)o(K)}{o(H \cap K)}$ .

20. a. State and prove Lagrange's theorem.

b. State and prove Cayley theorem.

**(10+10)**

21. a. Let  $R$  be a commutative ring with unit element whose only ideals are  $(0)$  and  $R$  itself. Then prove that  $R$  is a field.

b. If  $p$  is prime then prove that  $Z_p$  is a field.

**(10+10)**

22. a. Prove that an ideal of the Euclidean ring  $R$  is a maximal ideal of  $R$  if and only if it is generated by a prime element of  $R$ .

b. Let  $R$  be a commutative ring with unity and  $P$  an ideal of  $R$ . Prove that  $P$  is a prime ideal of  $R$  if

and only if  $R/P$  is an integral domain.

**(10+10)**

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