

LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034
M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – MATHEMATICS
THIRD SEMESTER – NOVEMBER 2002
MT 3800 / M 925 TOPOLOGY

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Max.: 100 Marks

1.00 – 4.00

Answer ALL questions.

01. a) (i) Let X be a metric space with metric d . Show that d_1 defined by

$$d_1(x, y) = \frac{d(x, y)}{1 + d(x, y)}$$

is also a metric on X .

Give an example of a pseudo – metric

(OR)

(ii) Let X be a metric space. Prove that any union of open sets in X is open and any finite intersection of open sets in X is open. (8)

b) i) Let X be a metric space, and let Y be a subspace of X . Prove that Y is complete iff it is closed.

ii) State and prove cantor's intersection theorem.

iii) If $\{A_n\}$ is a sequence of nowhere dense sets in a complete metric space X , prove that there exists a point in X which is not in any of the A_n 's (6+6+5)

(OR)

(iv) Let X and Y be metric spaces and f a mapping of X into Y . Then prove that f is continuous iff $f^{-1}(G)$ is open in X whenever G is open in Y .

(v) Let $f: X \rightarrow Y$ be a mapping of one topological space into another. Show that f is continuous $\Leftrightarrow f^{-1}(F)$ is closed in X whenever F is closed in $Y \Leftrightarrow f(\overline{A}) \subseteq \overline{f(A)}$ for every subset A of X . (8+9)

II (a) (i) If X is a second countable space, prove that X is separable

(OR)

(ii) If f and g are continuous real or complex functions defined on a topological space X , then prove that $f + g$, αf , and fg are also continuous. (8)

(b) (i) Show that any continuous image of a compact space is compact

(ii) Prove that any closed subspace of a compact space is compact.

(iii) Give an example to show that a compact subspace of a compact space need not be closed (6 + 6 + 5)

(OR)

(iv) Prove that a topological space is compact if every subbasic open cover has a finite subcover. (17)

III (a) (i) Prove that a metric space is compact iff it is complete and totally bounded.

(OR)

(ii) Prove that every compact Hausdorff space is normal (8)

(b) (i) In a sequentially compact metric space, prove that every open cover has a Lebesgue number.

(ii) Show that every sequentially compact metric space is totally bounded. (9+4+4)

(iii) Prove that every sequentially compact metric space is compact.

(OR)

(iv) If $C(X, \mathbb{R})$ separates points, then show that X is a C -Hausdorff space. Prove that every completely regular space is Hausdorff space.

(v) Show that every compact subspace of a Hausdorff space is closed.

(vi) Show that a one-to-one continuous mapping of a compact space onto a Hausdorff space is a homeomorphism (7+5+5)

IV (a) (i) Prove that the product of any non-empty class of connected spaces is connected.

(OR)

(ii) If $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n, \dots$ is a sequence of connected subspaces of a topological space each of which intersects its successor, show that $\bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n$ is connected (8)

(b) (i) State and prove the URYSON IMBEDDING THEOREM.

(OR)

(ii) State and prove the Weierstrass Approximation Theorem (17)

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